Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2019

Company number: 565328

### Directors' report and financial statements

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### Directors and other information

Directors	Michael McDermott Michael Scanlan Matt Cogan
Secretary	Eoin Fitzgerald
Registered office	Lissadell Upper Windgates Bray Co. Wicklow
Auditor	KPMG Chartered Accountants 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2
Banker	AIB 1 Lower Baggot Street Dublin 2
Company number	565328

### Directors' report

The directors of Their Lives Matter ("TLM") present their report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019.

### Principal activities, review of the business and future developments

TLM was incorporated on 21 July 2015 as a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital.

Its charitable purpose is to fund paediatric oncology in Tanzania which will allow children living with cancer in East Africa access to similar treatments and survival rates as children in first world countries. It is anticipated that the activities of the Company will increase in future periods as the organisation evolves.

TLM is a public benefit entity, the benefit it provides arises from its oncology work in Tanzania.

### Governance

The Memorandum and Articles of Association signed on 3 July 2015 represents the funding governance document of TLM. The Articles provide for a membership-based organisation registered in Ireland, limited by guarantee and with directors elected from the membership base.

### Results and state of affairs

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2019 and balance sheet at that date are set out on pages 8 and 9 respectively.

The Company's total income in the year to 31 December 2019 amounted to €198,240 (2018: €177,472). Expenditure on charitable activities amounted to €128,649 (2018: €223,115).

The business incurred fundraising and support costs during the year that amounted to €13,071 (2018: €0).

The Company reported a profit of €56,520 (2018: loss of €45,643) for the year.

#### **Directors and company secretary**

The names of the persons who were directors during the year are set out below. Except where indicated, they served as directors for the entire year.

Mr. Michael McDermott Mr. Michael Scanlan Mr. Matt Cogan

The directors and secretary of the Company did not have any interest in the Company at 31 December 2019.

### Principal risks

The principal risk identified by the directors to date is as follows:

• ensuring sufficient funding is in place to enable funding of charitable projects in Tanzania.

Directors' report (continued)

#### **Relevant audit information**

The directors believe that they have taken all steps necessary to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and have established that the Company's statutory auditor is aware of that information. In so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's statutory auditor is unaware.

#### Accounting records

The directors believe that they have complied with the requirements of Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to maintaining adequate accounting records by employing accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and by providing adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the Company are maintained at its registered office.

#### Auditor

Pursuant to Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014, the auditor, KPMG, Chartered Accountants, will continue in office.

On behalf of the board

Michael Scanlan Director

Mett Cogan DRMICHAEL MCDERNOTT Director DIRECTOR

Michael h. Demilar 30/9/20 Michael te court 357a/20

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the director's report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company and of its profit or loss for that year. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are responsible for such internal controls as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The directors are also responsible for preparing a directors' report that complies with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

On behalf of the board

Michael Scanlan Director

Michael h. Neon Jan 30-9-20

DIRECTOR. 2020

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30.9.00



KPMG Audit 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 D02 DE03 Ireland

### Independent auditor's report to the members of Their Lives Matter

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Their Lives Matter ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019 set out on pages 8 to 15, which comprise the statement of financial activities, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement and related notes, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 1. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2019 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section* of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### We have nothing to report on going concern

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We have nothing to report in these respects.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information presented in the Annual Report together with the financial statements. The financial statements and our auditor's report thereon do not comprise part of the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except as explicitly stated below, any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



### Independent auditor's report to the members of Their Lives Matter (continued)

### Report on the audit of the financial statements (continued)

### Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work we have not identified material misstatements in the other information.

Based solely on our work on the other information, we report that:

- we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report;
- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements;
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014**

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the Company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by Sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use

#### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements including being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



### Independent auditor's report to the members of Their Lives Matter (continued)

### Respective responsibilities and restrictions on use (continued)

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on IAASA's website at <u>https://www.iaasa.ie/getmedia/b2389013-1cf6-458b-9b8f-</u> <u>a98202dc9c3a/Description\_of\_auditors\_responsibilities\_for\_audit.pdf</u>.

#### The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

KPMG

8 October 2020

David Wilkinson for and on behalf of KPMG Chartered Accountants, Statutory Audit Firm 1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2

### Statement of financial activities

for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 Total funds €	2018 Total funds €
Income from Voluntary donations	2	198,240	177,472
Total income		198,240	177,472
Expenditure on Charitable activities Raising funds	3 4	(128,649) (13,071)	(223,115)
Total expenditure		(141,720)	(223,115)
Net income/(loss) for the year Total funds at beginning of year Transfer during the year		56,520 4,309 -	(45,643) 49,952 -
Total funds at end of year		60,829	4,309

On behalf of the board

Michael Scanlan Director Matt Cogan DR MICHAEL MEDERMOTT Director DIRECTOR

Michael K. Hemlan 30.9.20

### Balance sheet

as at 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 €	2018 €
Current assets Cash at bank and cash in hand		69,543	18,921
Total current assets		69,543	18,921
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(8,714)	(14,612)
Net current assets		60,829	4,309
Net assets		60,829	4,309
The funds of the charity Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	9 9	60,829	4,309
Charity funds		60,829	4,309

On behalf of the board

Michael Scanlan <i>Director</i>	<del>Matt Coga</del> n <u>Director</u>	DR. MICHAEL MEDERMOTT
Michael S. Scarlon	.30. 9.20	PIRECTOR Mahael becoment
		30.9.20

### Cash flow statement

for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019 €	2018 €
Net income/(loss) for year	8	56,5 <i>2</i> 0	(45,643)
Decrease in creditors		(5,898)	(7,377)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>		50,622	(53,020)
Cash flows from investing activities		-	-
Cash flows from financing activities		-	-
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		50,622	(53,020)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		18,921	71,941
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		69,543	18,921

### Notes

### forming part of the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to TLM's financial statements.

### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014 on the historical cost basis.

### Currency

The financial statements are presented in Euro, denoted by "€".

### Taxation

No charge to current or deferred taxation arises as TLM's income source is voluntary donations for charitable purposes and not in the nature of trade. Irrecoverable Value Added Tax is expensed as incurred.

### Income

Income which consists of monetary donations from the public and from corporates is recognised by inclusion in the statement of financial activities only when the Company is legally entitled to the income, the amounts involved can be measured with sufficient reliability and it is probable that the income will be received.

Voluntary donations consist of monetary donations from the public together with related tax refunds (when TLM is eligible to recover). In the case of monetary donations, income is recognised when the donations are received. Tax refunds arising from the voluntary donations are recognised when legislative requirements have been met and the amounts can be measured with reasonable certainty.

Grants from corporates and major donors are recognised when the Company is legally entitled to the income because it is fulfilling the conditions contained in the related funding agreements. Grants from corporates and major donors may include performance conditions. Where the Company is meeting the core objectives and conditions of a grant agreement it recognises the related expenditure, to the extent that is reimbursable by the donor, as income. In the absence of such conditions, assuming that receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably, grant income is recognised once the Company is notified of entitlement.

### Expenditure

Expenditure is analysed between costs of charitable activities and cost of raising funds. The costs of each activity are separately accumulated and disclosed and analysed according to their major components.

Expenditure is recognised when a legal or constructive obligation exists, as a result of a past event, a transfer of economic benefits is required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Support costs which cannot be attributed directly to one activity, are allocated to activities in proportion to estimated benefits received.

### Notes (continued)

### **1** Accounting policies (continued)

Expenditure (continued)

### Cost of charitable activities

Costs of charitable activities comprise costs of overseas programmes together with related support costs. All costs of charitable activities are recognised on an accruals basis.

### Cost of raising funds

Cost of raising funds comprise the costs incurred in fundraising and an appropriate allocation of supports costs. All costs of raising funds are recognised on an accruals basis.

### Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand is comprised of cash on deposit at banks requiring less than 3 months notice of withdrawal. These are carried at amortised cost.

### Fund accounting

### Restricted funds

Restricted funds represent donations, which can only be used for particular purposes specified by the donors. Such purposes are within the overall aims of the charity.

### **Unrestricted funds**

Unrestricted funds represent amounts, which are expendable at the discretion of the directors in the furtherance of the objectives of the charity. There are no unrestricted funds in the current year.

2	Voluntary donations	2019 €	2018 €
	Unrestricted donations	198,240	177,472
		198,240	177,472

All voluntary income was generated in the Republic of Ireland.

### Notes (continued)

3	Charitable activities	2019 €	2018 €
	Funding to Tumaini la Maisha, NGO Tanzania (a) Consultant oncologist funding Medicines Flights Others	75,000 36,000 10,445 1,415 5,789	168,929 44,296 9,606 - 284
		128,649	223,115

(a) A total of €75,000 (2018: €168,929) was provided to Tumaini Ia Maisha, an entity with a common purpose that works in partnership with the Company, during the year.

4	Raising funds	2019 €	2018 €
	Fundraising and promotion costs	13,071	-

### 5 Employees

The Company had no employees during the year to 31 December 2019.

6	Surplus/(deficit) for the year	2019 €	2018 €
	The surplus for the year is stated after charging: Auditor's remuneration	-	-
	Director's remuneration	-	-

### 7 Tax

There is no tax charge as TLM is in receipt of voluntary donations for charitable purposes and is not engaged in trade. Application has been made for charitable exemption from the Revenue Commissioners.

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2019 €	2018 €
	Accruals	8,714	14,612

### Notes (continued)

9	Reconciliation of funds	Unrestricted funds 2019 €	Restricted funds 2019 €	Total 2019 €
	Total funds of the charity at beginning of year	4,309	-	4,309
	<b>Movement in funds</b> Net income for the year	56,520	-	56,520
	Transfer during year	-	-	-
	Charity funds at end of year	60,829		60,829

### 10 Pro bono donations

The Company received various pro bono donations during the year. The value of these donations cannot be reasonably quantified or measured in financial terms. Accordingly, these amounts are not disclosed in the financial statements.

### 11 Legal status of company

The Company is limited by guarantee and has no share capital. The Company has eight members with each member subscribing €1.

#### 12 Subsequent events

There are no significant subsequent events requiring disclosure in the financial statements.

#### 13 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the directors on 30 September 2020.